WASHINGTON: THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1830.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 10.

Our relations with Spain. The following Message was yesterday transmitted to the Senate by the President of the United States:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:
The correspondence which has taken place between the Minister of Spain and the Secretary of State and the President of His Majesty’s High and Sacred Court of Council, relative to the Missouri and the Mississippi, has been the subject of a series of communications between the respective representatives of the two nations. The correspondence has been conducted with the utmost propriety and respect, and the relations between the two nations have been maintained in a manner which reflects credit on both. The course of events has been properly handled, and the Government of the United States has been shown to be prepared to meet the exigencies of the case.

The Senate then adjourned to next Wednesday.

Hearing of the house of representatives.

Mr. Lane, from the Committee of the Whole, reported the bill to pass the house of representatives, with amendments.

The Committee of the Whole then proceeded to consider the bill in the form in which it was reported by the House of Representatives.

The House then adjourned to next Wednesday.
WASHINGTON.

Thursday, May 11.

After the Senate's refusal to override the veto of the President of the United States to the bill for the extension of the national debt, the measure was reintroduced in the House of Representatives, and after a full debate, the bill was passed by a majority of 20, with Mr. Clay in the chair. The measure was then referred to the Senate, where it was passed by a similar majority.

Mr. Clay, in his message to the House, pointed out the necessity of the measure, and the importance of the national interest. He said that the measure was necessary for the preservation of the Union, and that the House should not delay in passing it.

The bill was then passed by the Senate, and was sent to the President, who signed it into law.

The bill provided for the extension of the national debt to the amount of $300,000,000, and for the creation of a new public debt of $200,000,000. It also provided for the creation of a public credit of $100,000,000.

In the course of the debate, Mr. Clay (Speaker) moved the adjournment, and the House adjourned to meet at 11 o'clock on Saturday.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. TAYLOR, Mr. BATES, and Mr. WEBSTER, from the Joint Committee on the subject of the construction of the public buildings, submitted a bill to the House, for the purpose of providing for the construction of the public buildings, and for the appointment of a board of commissioners to superintend the work.

The bill was referred to a committee of the whole House, and the committee reported favorably.

Mr. DAVIS, of North Carolina, moved the adjournment of the House, which was carried, and the House adjourned to meet at 11 o'clock on Saturday.
A DEBATE ON THE MISSOURI BILL, IN THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MR. SPEAKER. I am directed to say, in conclusion, that it is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri. It is the opinion of this House, that the measure now before it, is the best that can be adopted for the purpose of restoring peace and order to the State of Missouri.